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NO. 10

CLEVELAND REITERATES.

His Views on the Financial Question in a Letter to Governor Northern.

In reply to a letter from Governor Northern, of Georgia, asking the President to give his position on financial matters, Mr. Cleveland has sent the following:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPT. 25.
HON. W. J. NORTHERN—My Dear Sir: I hardly know how to reply to your letter of the 15th inst. It seems to me that I am quite plain on record concerning the financial question. My letter accepting the nomination to the Presidency, when read in connection with the message lately sent to the Congress in extraordinary session appears to me to be very explicit. I want a currency that is stable and safe in the hands of our people. I will not knowingly be implicated in a condition that will justify me in the least degree answerable to any laborer or farmer in the United States for a shrinkage.

IN THE PURCHASING POWER.
Of the dollar he has received for a dollar's worth of work, or for a good dollar's worth of the product of his toil. I not only want our currency to be of such a character that all kinds of dollars will be of equal purchasing power at home, but I want it to be of such a character as will demonstrate abroad our wisdom and good faith, thus placing upon a firm foundation our credit among the nations of the earth.

I want our financial conditions and the laws relating to our currency so safe and reassuring that those who have money will spend and invest in business and new enterprises instead of hoarding it. You can not cure fright by calling it foolish and unreasonable, and you can not prevent the frightened man from hoarding his money. I want a good, sound and stable money and a condition of confidence that will keep it in use.

Within the limits of what I have written, I am a friend of silver, but I believe its proper place in our currency can only be fixed by a readjustment of our currency legislation and the inauguration of a consistent and comprehensive financial scheme. I think

SUCH A THING
Can only be entered upon profitably and hopefully after the repeal of the law which is charged with all our financial woes. In the present state of the public mind, this law cannot be built upon, nor patched in such away as to relieve the situation.

I am, therefore, opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver by this country alone and independently, and I am in favor of the immediate and unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the so-called Sherman law.

I confess I am astonished by the opposition in the Senate to such prompt action as would relieve the present unfortunate situation.

My daily prayer is that the delay occasioned by such opposition may not be the cause of plunging the country into deeper depression than it has yet known, and that the Democratic party may not be justly held responsible for such a catastrophe.

Yours very truly,
GROVER CLEVELAND.

What Do You Take

Medicine for? Because you are sick and want to get well, or because you wish to prevent illness. Then remember that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures all diseases caused by impure blood and debility of the system. It is not what its proprietors say but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. Be sure to get Hood's, and only Hood's.

Snow falls in Pennsylvania and Massachusetts Friday.

The Kentucky Association will hold their fall meeting as usual. The intention to declare the meeting off has been reconsidered so Mr. J. E. Hanly the Secretary writes us the prospect is excellent for the best meeting in the history of the Association.

Mr. Robert A. Thompson will preach at the Baptist church next Sunday morning.

"The Old Man."

"Jehabod, my boy, methought I heard you speak of your sire this morning as 'the old man.' You are 17 years of age, are you not? Just so! This is the age when callow youth has his first attack of the big head. You imagine at this moment that you know it all. I observe by the cut of your trousers and the angle of your hat, the flavor of your breath, and the style of your tooth-pick shoes, and the swagger of your walk, that you are badly gone on yourself. This is an error of youth which your uncle can overlook, but it pains him sore to hear you speak in terms of disrespect of one you should never mention save by the sacred name of 'father.' He may not be up to your style in the modern art of making a fool of himself, but, ten to one, he forgets more in a week than you will ever know. He may not enjoy smoking gutter snipes, chopped fine and inclosed in delicate tissue paper, but he has borne a good many hard knocks for your sake, and is entitled to all the reverence your shallow brain can muster. By and by after you are through knowing it all, and begin to learn something, you will be ashamed to look in the glass, and will wonder where the fool-kicker kept himself when he was ripe with sacrifice. And when 'the old man' grows tired of the journey and stops to rest, and you fold his hands across his bosom and take a last look at the face that has grown beautiful in death you will feel a sting of regret that you ever spoke of him so grossly disrespectful a manner, and when you hear other sprouts of imbecility using the language that so delighted you in the germinal period of manhood, you will feel like chasing them with a sled stick and crushing their skulls to see if there is any brain tissue on the inside."—Ex.

H. Clay King's Last Scheme.

Col. H. Clay King, the murderer of David H. Poston, now serving a life sentence in the Tennessee penitentiary as a punishment for his crime, has issued an address to the public in which he makes some sensational charges. He alleges that his conviction was brought about by conspiracy between Judge Julius J. Dubois, of Shelby county criminal court, and relative of Poston. Dubois, he asserts, used every means in his power to secure conviction in order to placate the Postons, who were his political enemies. King also charges that Mrs. Gideon J. Pillow and David H. Poston, the murdered man, were criminally intimate. The publication of the article has caused a sensation. King wrote it for the purpose of arousing public sentiment in his favor, in the hope of securing a pardon, but he will fail in his object, as Governor Turney was a member of the supreme court when King's death sentence was affirmed.

Cold and Heat.

Water freezes and becomes ice at 32 degrees Fahrenheit, whereas mercury only freezes at 39 degrees below zero Fahrenheit. Olive oil, on the contrary, shows signs of congelation at from 4 to 45 degrees Fahrenheit. The three substances quoted being all liquids, the difference in the loss of heat requisite to bring them to solidification is very great indeed. The action of heat on fluids or solids is equally various. Water boils at 212 degrees Fahrenheit, lead melts at 612 degrees; the fusing point of gold is 2016 degrees, and of iron 3000 degrees.

For Trade.

I have for trade, 13 nice yearling cattle, that I am desirous to exchange for two good yearling mules. Must be good ones.

J. E. THOMPSON

Democrats do not forget to register to-day if you expect to vote at the November election. Every Republican—white and black—will see that his name is written there. The Republicans propose to make a fight for municipal offices.

The Kentucky soldiers, their widows and orphans are drawing from the National Treasury about \$1,000,000 annually.

Both Circuit Court is in session at Owsingville.

ANOTHER ROWAN

COUNTY MURDER!

Mr. F. Fouch, Sheriff, Kills County Clerk Geo. Johnson.

Yesterday was county court day of Rowan county, and there were about two hundred people in Morehead. Mr. Fouch, Sheriff of the county, was in County Clerk Johnson's office about 11:30 o'clock, collecting taxes, when his right to collect delinquent taxes which had been reported to the State auditor, came up and a dispute arose, which was followed by the lie, and the Clerk struck at or struck the Sheriff, who drew his pistol, shooting the Clerk twice, once through the breast and once through the brain, killing him instantly. Fouch surrendered to County Judge, Crosswhite. At first there was intense excitement, but it soon died down, and Fouch was placed under a guard. The two officers were not on very friendly terms.

ACROSS A BARREL

They Stretched the Impositor and Whaled Him.

About two years ago J. W. Coppock came from Louisville, Ky., and accepted the management of the Jacksonville, (Ala.) Ice Company. His department was that of a perfect gentleman, and soon had the respect and esteem of the citizens of Jacksonville and engaged himself to a young lady of that place. The marriage was to come off two weeks hence. Tuesday evening he looked out that he had a living wife and two children in Louisville, Ky. The citizens assembled, purchased a whale-bone buggy whip, invited the impositor to lay himself across a barrel with face down for about 20 minutes, and the lash was applied in a genteel manner. He was then put on board the north-bound East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia train and gently reminded that he had better shake the dust of Alabama from his feet, which he did without further persuasion.—Cincinnati Post.

Register to-day.

Russell Nominated.

The Massachusetts Democratic Convention met in convention on Wednesday, at Boston, and nominated Hon. J. W. Russell for Governor. When Mr. Russell was introduced, he said: "If our opponents, leaving the State issue, make their flight on the ground of the late financial disturbances and the stoppage of industries they will gain only the votes of the ignorant and unthinking, whose drift of late years has been to their side."

The Sherman bill was a shock to foreign confidence. The McKinley tariff was the fulfillment of a bargain in which the right to lay and collect taxes, the highest act of sovereignty, the right conferred by the people solely for the purposes of revenue and limited closely to the need of Government were transferred to individuals and corporations.

Mr. Russell in closing praised the course of President Cleveland, and said: "Strong, warm-hearted type of American citizenship, the best example of the broadest statesmanship—the question in our election is, will Massachusetts stand by his administration?"

The rest of the ticket is as follows: For Secretary of State, Hon. James W. McDonald, of Marlboro; for Treasurer, and Receiver General, Hon. Eben S. Stevens, of Dudley; for Attorney General, Hon. Charles S. Hiley, of Lowell; for Auditor, Hon. John T. Wheelwright, of Boston.

Rev. E. E. Bomar has been called to pasture the First Baptist Church, Aiken, S. C., a city of nearly 3,300 population. Mr. Bomar is an active pastor, a number one preacher, and has the esteem of this entire people who will rejoice that he has a large field in which to do good.

Louisville Tobacco Market.

Sales on our market for the week just closed amount to \$756,000, with receipts for the same period of 973 hhds. Sales on our market since January 1, amount to 104,357 hhds. Sales of the crop of 1892 on our market amount to 106,313 hhds.

The market for the better grades of burley has been more active this week, with a tendency to higher values. The medium grades remain unchanged, while common grades are somewhat easier. The housing of the burley crop has progressed rapidly during the week, and considerable tobacco has been cut green on account of the few recent cold days and slight frost in some parts of the State.

The following quotations fairly represent our market for burley tobacco (1892 crop):

Trash. (Dark damaged tobacco \$3.50 to \$4.00.
Common colory trash, \$4.25 to \$5.00.
Medium to good colory trash, \$5 to \$7.
Common lugs, not colory, \$4.00 to \$5.
Common colory lugs, \$5 to \$7.50.
Medium to good colory lugs, \$7.50 to \$8.50.
Common to medium leaf \$8.00 to \$9.
Medium to good leaf, \$9 to \$14.
Good to fine leaf, \$14 to \$16.
Select wrappery styles, \$16 to \$26.

GLOVER & DURRETT.

Tender of Their Feelings.

The annual report of the Health Officers credits two Louisville deaths during the past mortuary year to intemperance, and in obedience to the injunction to speak no ill of the dead, considerably assigns the others to cirrhosis of the liver, heart failure and other misanthropic forms of euphemistic mendacity. As brutal candor would lacerate the sorrows of relatives and wound the tender sensibilities of the bereaved, it is well, perhaps, that the bitter truth should thus be officially sugar-coated. But all the same, red and amber liquors killed more than two or two hundred people in this town during the past year. (Louisville Times.)

EDWARDS ADVOCATE.

The city needs efficient officers for the preservation of its peace and good order. One of the most important places to be filled, is that of City Attorney. To fill this acceptably, requires a man fearless in the discharge of his duty, and with a fitness to make a vigorous prosecution where it is needed. Every man, no matter how good he may be otherwise, does not necessarily possess these qualifications. A man does not have to be hand in glove with gamblers, brewers and the worst elements of society, to make him an unfit person to hold this (for our city's) peace important office. I have no word of disparagement for any one of the candidates for this office. I do desire to call attention to the special fitness of one among them for the duties of the place to which he aspires. The fact is well known to all, that almost the only enemies he has made and certainly the most active ones he possesses, are those whose enmity can be distinctly traced to his vigorous prosecution or fearless administration of the law, as it applied to them or some of their friends. Surely a man who is fearless in the discharge of his duty, efficient active and painstaking in prosecuting all offenders; and, who always exhibits a lively and intelligent interest in the city's affairs, should have the votes of all right thinking citizens. Such a man is Judge H. Clay McKee, and I am firmly persuaded it is very much to the city's interest to elect him. I hope the voters can see this as I do.

A CITIZEN.

The store of Mr. Charles Stafford at Jeffersonville, was burned on Friday night. The Postoffice was located in the building and all the effects together with the stock of goods were lost. The goods were insured for \$1,000 and the building which belonged to Mrs. Saylor for \$500.

Elder J. B. Greenwald closed his last meeting at Sideview last Sunday night, with ten confessions and baptisms and one reclaimed. Large audiences and a deep interest throughout the meeting.

GIVES UP THE WORLD.

Madeline Pollard Turns her Back Upon the World and a Home For Fallen Women.

A Washington special says: Miss Madeline Pollard, who has sued Congressmen Breckinridge, of Kentucky, for breach of promise, has voluntarily identified herself with the House of Mercy here, which seeks to reclaim fallen women. Miss Pollard entered the institution soon after the proceedings against Mr. Breckinridge were begun. She is not known as Miss Pollard in the Home, having assumed another name. She has not entered the institution as an unfortunate woman are received. She has been accepted as a willing worker and is now engaged in missionary and educational duties. Miss Pollard practically has surrendered all her liberties. She was at first assigned to educational work, but insisted upon sharing in the drudgery of the institution.

The inmates in the institution, which are supported by the Episcopal churches, are kept by the church people under close surveillance and are not allowed, even in the day time, to go out unless accompanied by one of the "workers."

A Card.

I desire to return my sincere thanks to the many friends who have so kindly tendered me their support in the race for the Democratic nomination for Chief of Police. I find that my business engagements are such as to demand that I shall forego the pleasure of accepting the very liberal support tendered me. I therefore withdraw my name as a candidate for Chief of Police. But I desire to state distinctly that this is done in the interest of no candidate, and I leave the race with no entanglements. Again thanking my friends for their hearty support,

I am, very respectfully,
S. W. GATSKILL.

Everett gets the Postoffice.

The Postmaster General informed Representative M. C. Lide on Saturday that the appointment of George C. Everett to be Postmaster at Mt. Sterling had been made out and his nomination would go to the Senate with others yesterday. This ends the long waiting of the democrats to see this place filled by one of their number. As indicated elsewhere Mr. John C. Wood the present incumbent sent in his resignation some days since. Mr. Wood has made a splendid official and will vacate the office with the good opinion of all who have had any dealings with him in his official capacity.

The Traders Deposit Bank will resume business fully some day during this week. The impression got that the bank would begin business Monday, and on that day large deposits were tendered, thereby making the bank officials happy over flattering prospects. The condition of the bank is better than at any time since its organization, and the friends of the institution are showing their faith by their offerings of substantial support. While the assignee was entitled to at least \$37,500, and the attorneys also a handsome sum, they manifested their generosity by giving their services free of any charge. This resumption will, until at least \$375,000, thereby giving circulation to a large amount, and restoring confidence in the business circles of our immediate section.

D. D. Taylor, who was licensed to the ministry by the Baptist church, last Wednesday evening, has resigned as Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., and left for Louisville to attend the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary. He is a man of rare talents, thoroughly in love with his calling, energetic, strong in mind, and with a vigorous physique, will attain to eminence. The members of the Y. M. C. A. and citizens regret to lose Mr. Taylor, but will him God speed in his high calling.

Mrs. Charles Parsons, nee Williams, aged 23 years, died from typhoid fever at her home in Carroll, Thursday. She leaves a husband and two children. J. W. Parsons and two sons, Jesse and Roger, attended the funeral.

Enoch.

MR. ENOCH has just returned from the East, with several thousand dollars worth of goods, bought to sell at a very low figure. Lots of Goods we will put on our counters at 25 to 40 per cent less than one year ago. Just think of getting a NICE DRESS at \$1.00 and up to \$5.00 in nice goods. It will do your eyes good to look at them.

We carry a nice line of DRESS GOODS, call and look at some of our bargains in Window Blinds. Just think of it, a good Blind for 25c each. A good Carpet from 15c per yard up to the very best Wood Block. Nice Matting, full yard wide, at \$1.00. The very best oil Cloths for 25c. Tacks for 10c. Usually sold for 25c, but regular size goods.

Enoch.

15c and 10c Goods in this line every time the town will duplicate for 15c, up to any price you want. We have a nice line of Ladies' Mink Underwear at less than a lady can buy the material for without making it. Oil Cloth for table, 25c yd.

Underwear.

Gents and Ladies. We have a nice heavy line of underwear for the town will duplicate for 15c, up to any price you want. We have a nice line of Ladies' Mink Underwear at less than a lady can buy the material for without making it. Oil Cloth for table, 25c yd.

RESE BULDERING, MT. STERLING, KY.

Enoch.

A New Through Sleeping Car Line

From Chicago to Seattle, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and Great Northern railways, has been established a first-class sleeping car will hereafter run daily from Chicago at 10:30 p. m., arriving at Seattle 11:30 p. m., fourth day. This undoubtedly is the best route to reach the North Pacific Coast.

For time tables, maps and other information apply to the nearest ticket agent, or address D. C. Brady, Southern Passenger Agent, C. M. & St. P. Ry, 237 Fourth avenue, Louisville, Ky. 10-31.

It is almost a certainty that the men implicated in the hold-up of the Illinois Central train at Centuria on the morning of Thursday, Sept. 20, were the same who, on two different occasions, held up the Mobile & Ohio train at Forest Lawn, just beyond the city limits of East St. Louis. The police are in possession of evidence which indicates the complexity of at least two of the Centuria robbers in the Forest Lawn affair.

Miss Ida Reynolds and Irving English who set fire to a house which caused a \$20,000 fire in East Knoxville a few days ago, were sentenced to the penitentiary for seven years at Knoxville Tennessee.

THE ADVOCATE.



Checked—the progress of Consumption, its cure, too, if it's taken in time. What is needed is the one remedy that is needed for all these forms (Lungs, Throat, etc.) is Consumption.

Purify your blood—that's the first thing. Rid it of the taints and poisons that make it easy for this dreaded disease to fasten its hold. Then if you haven't delayed too long, you can be cured.

From beginning to end, the remedy is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It's the most potent blood-cleanser, strength-restorer, and flesh-builder known to medical science. Consumption, and every form of Scrophulous blood-taint, all yield to it. For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all severe, lingering Coughs, it's an unequalled remedy—and the only one for the blood and Lungs that's guaranteed. If it doesn't benefit or cure, in every case, you have your money back.

THE OCEAN.

The ocean's waves, in steadfast restlessness, seek still the unrequited shore—resting shore. Nor know where they shall fall—nor hear the roar of their own music—But with sweep and stress beat on the sands which hold not their impress. And break in foam—then the ocean's cry: On rocks which heed no hap—no dole deplore: They are immense, dumb, and passionless.

Incessant—infinite—without intent! Thus rolls the ocean—thus the ocean flows! A frenzied striving for unknown recompense, Unending toil with no accomplishment. The waves are motion—the ocean's life; The ocean, life—the shore, eternity,—Robert Burns Wilson, in October Peter's Southern Magazine.

California For Health.

I am often asked what part of Southern California is best adapted to certain individual cases. This is, of course a matter of personal and constitutional election. As a rule, however, I may say that rheumatic, neuralgic and laryngeal cases do better in the interior, since the sea air loses much of its severity in travelling land between a hot sun and a warm soil. Convalescing cases recovering from some long and tedious illness, and those suffering from nervous prostration, insomnia, or the debilitated stages of advanced consumption, are more benefited by the bracing air of the coast—the greater invariability here experienced and the greater amount of atmospheric moisture having the desired effect.

It is the absence of enervating heat during the day or night, that permits of so many restorations of shattered health which would elsewhere be impossible. For this reason invalids have been induced to adopt a Californian summer for a climatic change or for a residence, and our Eastern friends can readily see that it is erroneous to consider California only as a winter resort.

To the tourist the region offers every conceivable variety of temperature met with in either Europe, Africa or Asia. The shores of the great Sahara; the highlands of Spain and the low hills and plains of Italy; the abrupt Apennines and the more gigantic Alps of either Switzerland or Bavaria; the heather-clad hills of Scotland and the sunny islets of the Greek archipelago—all have here their counterparts. Yet with this strange diversity the climatic factorial influence of the great heated desert and the vast, cold ocean combine to produce a homogeneity that makes California unique among the known regions of the world.—P. C. Remondin, M. D., in Californian.

He Voted For Jackson.

A Presidential election was pending, and I had come from the farthest West to hear, and to take part with, some speakers who were to address the people at a point not ten miles from this famous battle-ground of the Washab. But I had no heart in the work before us; and so I went about, all alone, trying to find some one who had at least heard of "Lord and Lady Baltimore."

Not a sound or trace of them or their traditions of the haunted island could I hear; though I asked and asked till the day was far spent.

At last, when the patriotic speaking was all over, I went up to where stood a group of friends, and was introduced to an old man who had voted for Jackson. He leaned on a hickory staff and chewed tobacco with the comings of his mouth with all his might. He had no teeth, but somehow he managed to grind up enough to keep a little stream of tobacco juice trickling down each corner of his mouth all the time.

It was a Democratic group; Proctor Knott, Governor of Kentucky; John P. Irish, the California orator, and many other able men, were of this group, and had spoken. But the idol of all Democrats here, Daniel Voor-

hees, was not present. And so the old man who had "voted for Jackson" was not glad.

"It's dull when Dan ain't here; we expected to hear some speakin'." This is what the old patriarch who had "voted for Jackson" said right in the presence of Governor Knott and John P. Irish. They smiled pleasantly and soon faded away, leaving me alone with the man who had "voted for Jackson."

"You have been here some time," I said.

"I voted for Jackson," and with this he struck the heavy ferrule of his hickory stick hard on the ground, as if to say, "I voted for Jackson right here, sah." But he was too busy chewing to talk much.

"Indians here when you came, air?" I asked earnestly.

"Yes sah! Indians, and b'ar and buffalo, and deer; mo' in the river 'round the island yander. Yes, sah; great place for deer; we used to kill ten of a night, sah; take canoes, a dozen of us with hickory bark torches, and go whirling around the island, sah. Brightest light in the world, sah, hickory bark torches; deer can't see you; hickory bark torches makes 'em blind; kill 'em with a club. Why that night after the day I voted for Jackson, sah!"

Here some Democratic grangers came up to be introduced to the man who had "voted for Jackson," and I passed on, to meditate in the twilight over the solution of the most splendid and inspiring mystery of my childhood. I had merely seen men hunting deer with hickory bark torches over the old battle-ground of Harrison's Tippecanoe—Joachim Miller, in October Peter's Southern Magazine.

In an age of fraud and adulteration, it is certainly gratifying to know that such an extensively-used preparation as Ayer's Sarsaparilla may be implicitly relied upon. It never varies either in quality, appearance, or effect, but is always up to the standard.

A Universal Beautifier.

Useless, effective, and agreeable! Ayer's Hair Vigor has taken high rank among toilet articles. This preparation causes thin, weak hair to become abundant, strong, and healthy, and restores gray hair to its original color.

Stub Ends of Thought

Trust is the strongest link in the chain of association. Not one time in a million are a man's tears dishonest; what may be said of a woman's is different. Everybody would be perfect if everybody else thought so. Matrimony is love's eye-opener. Gossip is the bullet in the gun of idle curiosity.

Honesty is not contagious. It's a long way round to reach Heaven by some churches—Detroit.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive, you have a bilious look, if your stomach be disordered you have a dyspeptic look and if your kidneys be affected you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great Alternative and Tonic acts directly on these vital organs. Cures pimples, blotches, boils, and gives a good complexion. Sold at W. S. Lloyd's drugstore, 50 cents per bottle.

Destruction of Forests in the United States.

The United States sells its forest lands at \$2.50 an acre, lumber companies indirectly acquiring a square mile of land for a little over \$1000, while the timber on it is often worth \$20,000.

The French government forests return an average profit of \$250 an acre annually from timber sales, or two and a half per cent. interest on the value of the land. The United States now owns only enough forest land to provide a continual timber-supply to its present population, if forests are managed and lumber used as in Germany. The United States is exactly in the position of a man making large drafts on and using up an immense idle capital, which, if properly invested, would return an interest sufficient for his expenditures.

In 1885 the government of Bavaria sent an expert forester to study the timbers of the United States, who stated: "In fifteen years you will have to import your timber, and as you will probably have a preference for American kinds, we shall begin to grow them in order to be ready to send them to you at the proper time."—Century.



Overcome by the unforeseen.

The man with kidney disease may first apply for relief from dizziness, or aching limbs, or the weakness of kidney disease, or female weakness may first apply for treatment for lame back or fullness about the eyes, or much on the face. People often find themselves in the situation so aptly figured by the Hon. John Allen of Miss. the wit of the last Congress. Here is his celebrated rhyme "letty" on the floor of the House to the great amusement of that body.

"There's Wanny runs the post office And Levi runs the bar, While baby runs the White House And—where is here we are." Well, it's as with the afflicted, To avoid those ills, or to cure them, Dr. Fessner's Kidney and Backache Cure will not disappoint. The Rev. A. J. Mearns, late presiding Elder, Grove City, Pa., Apr. 4, 1882, writes: "For 25 years I suffered with kidney trouble. I've tried a lot of bottles of Dr. Fessner's Kidney and Backache Cure. I have had less backache in the last 10 years than I formerly had in 10 months. I feel entirely cured." Money refunded if satisfaction not given. Make home a bottle today. It means happiness and prolonged life.

Criminals Cannot be Citizens.

There was much talk about the rights of American workmen during the Homestead strike last year and the so-called monopolists were roundly abused for their treatment of freeborn citizens. Hugh Ross, one of the leaders in the strike and a member of the advisory committee which set up an independent and revolutionary government in Homestead and refused to allow the regularly elected officers of the town and county to do their duty, recently applied for naturalization papers. He is a Scotchman and a subject of Queen Victoria, and he was such when he was violating the laws of the State of Pennsylvania. In United States District Judge Bullington, of Pittsburg, has refused to naturalize him, because indictments are hanging over him charging him with murder, treason and riot in connection with the Homestead affair. It would seem to follow from this decision that if Ross is convicted he can never become an American citizen. This would not be a result which would be the source of great regret. Convicts are not allowed to come into this country as immigrants. Neither are paupers, nor cripples, unless some one guarantees their support. There is no reason why unnaturalized criminals should be treated differently from criminals who have not yet entered the country. Even American born citizens lose their citizenship when convicted of crime. Foreign born workmen who insist on making this country their home should consider the fate of Ross and hesitate before they engage in unlawful and riotous demonstrations.—Brooklyn Eagle.

The "Reversible Falls" in the St. John River.

But the most picturesque, as well as the most striking manifestation of the tidal rise and fall is at the mouth of the St. John river at St. John, New Brunswick. Here may be witnessed on every tide a change of conditions as sudden and as complete as a quick change of scene in a drama; the beauty of the landscape, enhanced by the handiwork of man, adding greatly to the impressiveness of the phenomenon. This is locally known as the "reversible falls," although "reversible rapids" would be more appropriate. In a map of St. John and its environs, drawn in 1784 by an officer of the St. John's Loyalists, the matter is referred to in a marginal note:

"The falls in this river are justly ranked among the curiosities of the world; they are at the mouth of the river, about one mile from the entrance, and are navigable four times in twenty-four hours, which commands great attention, as only a few minutes are required to pass in safety."

"The tide rising from twenty to twenty-four feet, at high water is six or eight feet higher than the river, which occasions a fall in the river as well as on the whole water of the country having to pass between two rocks sixty yards distant."

The scene of these rapids is a beautiful gorge through which, in remote ages, the river appears to have forced its way. For twenty minutes on each flood and flood, the river here is as placid as a mountain lake on a tranquil day. Suddenly a streak of white spreads across the gorge, and in a few minutes the calm is succeeded by the tumult of rushing, whirling waters. The reflections of the rocky shores and of the graceful outlines of the suspension and cantilever bridges which span the mouth of the gorge are obliterated as if a mirror had suddenly been ruthlessly shattered.—Gustav Kolbe in Scribner.



Solid Vestibuled Trains

LEXINGTON TO CINCINNATI

Through Sleeping Cars

Lexington to Chicago.

"Finest Trains in The South."

TO

Chattanooga,

Birmingham,

New Orleans.

Shreveport,

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Knoxville,

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RINEARSON, G. P. A.

Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS WANTED.

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DANGEROUS LOOKING BOXES.

Ship's Stores That Frightened the Captain of a British Vessel.

There is an amusing incident which happened on her majesty's ship Canada in 1888, when the Duke of York was on board. It occurred when the vessel was but a few days at sea. Because royalty was aboard unusual precautions were observed to make the ship thoroughly safe. When an inventory of the commissariat was taken, two suspicious looking boxes were found among the stores of which no account was discovered. This was a time when the alleged activity of Irish dynamiters was giving Englishmen many troubled dreams. An explosion almost in midocean had sunk a ship attached to the Pacific squadron only a short time before, and it was believed by many that the explosion had been caused by dynamite. The commissariat officers of the Canada were sorely dismayed by the two mysterious boxes. Might not some fanatic Irish patriot have sought to gain for his himself everlasting glory by smuggling an infernal machine on board the ship which was to carry the possible future king of a hated nation? Such a machine was to be tried to do its deadly work when least expected.

What could the suspicious boxes contain if not the doom of a warship at sea? The boxes were opened, the contents were examined, and to the surprise of the commissariat, to be sure, but 500 insignificant souls must go with him. Who could blame the officers for being alarmed? There was something to be alarmed about when the account of the boxes could be found among the ship's papers. No time must be lost, for before another hour might all be scattered to the elements.

The sedate old captain ordered the two boxes to be slipped overboard as "damaged goods" and the matter was strictly secret. The price was paid and the men in order to avoid a panic.

After more than two months on the ocean another inventory of the ship's stores became necessary, for the captain intended to take in a new supply at Halifax. Now the invoice of two boxes of German sausage taken on board at Portsmouth was found among some other papers. But the goods were not in stock, nor did the accounts show that they had been consumed during the voyage.

What had been a dark secret with a few soon furnished amusement for the whole ship, for the boxes contained German sausage. —London Tit-Bits.

Laughter.

Laughter has often dissipated disease and preserved life by a sudden effort of nature. We are told that the great Erasmus laughed so heartily at an astirial attack that he broke a tumor and recovered his health. In a singular treatise on "Laughter" Joubert gives two similar instances. A patient being very low, the physician, who had ordered the use of tartar, countermanded the medicine, which was left on the table.

A monkey in the room jumping up discovered the goblet, after having taken a terrible grimace. Again putting only his tongue to it, he perceived some sweetness of the dissolved manna, while the rhabarb and sugar to the bottom of the goblet, he swallowed the whole, but found it such a nauseous potent that after many strange and fantastic grimaces he ground his teeth in agony, and in the end, he fell over the goblet on the floor. The whole affair was so ludicrous that the sick man burst into repeated peals of laughter, and the doctor, finding the fullness led to health. —New York Ledger.

Authors of Plays.

An author speaking on the compensations of playwrights said the other day: "I cannot encourage any one to go into the business of writing plays. No one can conceive of the trouble we have in getting a play produced. It is almost an impossibility to get one read and accepted. You have wondered perhaps why certain plays that seem to be drawing crowded houses are suddenly taken off. The cause is very simple. Managers cannot afford to give authors the royalties they demand. For one or two years possibly a good play is a financial success to the manager, but after that the manager loses interest. The author refuses to reduce his terms, and the play is taken off. You will ask why author and manager do not compromise. It ought to be done, but the fact remains that they do not." —New York Tribune.

He Will Learn Later On.

Little Johnny Smart is a halfbrother of Pie Alley and sells daily papers for a livelihood. He has learned all the naughty tricks practiced by his comrade, except tobacco chewing. His initial trial at this accomplishment was made a few days ago, but it made him ill, and he retired to his corner after the first round. The other boys laughed at him for his failure, which drew out this comment from the suffering Johnny: "Get away, you fellows! It would make you sick, too, if you want to try to do it." —Boston Courier.

A Snake That Teaches a Moral.

Here is a fable concerning a certain island infested by donkeys whose continuous braying disturbed the peace:

A valiant knight who heard of them said to his fellows: "Come, let us away and slay these pestiferous braying donkeys so that the island may have rest." So each brave man buckled on his trusty sword, and away they went. When they landed on the island, they were met by one of its wise men, who, on learning the intention of the knight, warned him that the donkeys were immortal and could not be killed. "Do you tell me that I and my brave men cannot silence these donkeys?"

Forthwith the knight and his men laid about them right and left till the ground was covered with defunct donkeys. Then they wiped their blades and retired to rest. In the morning the knight awoke, and he found the island infested by his carcasses, or, at least, many more proved worse than the first. "But when they reached the field, behold! every donkey was on his feet, braying loudly as ever. "What did I tell you," said the wise man. "If you kill them today, they will be alive tomorrow." But, replied the knight, "I will kill them in their continual braying!" "Why, we let them bray and go ahead with our business or pleasure, the same as if they were not there." —Illinois Suffragist.

Worshippers of Strange Gods.

Snake worshippers are more numerous than river worshippers in the Punjab. They have always been a large denomination in heathen countries. Why they worship snakes is a problem that has been frequently discussed to no particular purpose. But people who worship owls, bats, lobsters, rats and mice will worship anything, and perhaps snake worshippers are no exception. The reason, because snakes are so widely distributed and so far from exclusive in their habits. If a man worships an opossum or an ornithomys, he must go to Australia to do so, but serpents are everywhere. So is the earth (Prithi), and the earth, as Hertha, Demeter and under many other names, has ever been worshipped by all nations.

Even the untutored Pawnees are earth worshippers and bury articles by way of sacrifice, which is more economical than burning them, as they can be dug up again. The central mound is a good deal adored in the Punjab. In Scotland it became the fairy hill, as at Aberfoyle, and was treated with the same respect in times comparatively modern. The church was usually built as near it as possible, perhaps to counteract the influence of the ancestral mound, to acquire any local sacredness that might be going. —London News.

Ice Water Early in the Morning.

I am always surprised when I see a man fill his stomach the first thing in the morning with a glass of ice water. The ordinary stomach is tired and weary, and it is up again. It wakes with the rest of the system, it feels like stretching and resting, feeding its hands for a little more sleep and a little more slumber before it can be up again. What, then, must be its surprise to have thrust into it, through no agency of its own, the unwilling receptacle, a torrent of ice water? What, then, must be its surprise to have thrust into it, through no agency of its own, the unwilling receptacle, a torrent of ice water? Having swallowed a glass of ice water, the ordinary idiot thrusts into the same stomach his oatmeal, his berries, his beefsteak, his eggs, and then wonders that he feels heavy.

Why, do you know what the stomach is doing all this time? It is wrestling with the ice water. Digestion cannot begin until the water is brought to its normal stomach temperature, and while the overburdened, overworked, strained organ, in the heat of its struggle, is doing its best to warm this horrid stuff in its hot foamy state, your berries and your oatmeal, and there they float upon the gastric juice and the water are at a common temperature and the work of assimilation may properly begin. —Howard in New York Recorder.

Bacilli In the Dust of Cities.

Dr. Manfredi has been announcing some disgusting facts concerning the omnipresence of fatal microbes in the busy thoroughfare of a crowded city. He has found 1,000,000 microbes to a gram of dust, and in the dirtiest streets 3,000,000,000 per gram. A medical paper suggests that the streets of American cities should be tested for microbes and is confident that in many of them a harvest as rich in variety and number as the one gathered in Naples could easily be secured. Emphasis is given to Dr. Manfredi's alarming statistics by the results of some investigations conducted recently by Professor Uffelmann with respect to the carrying of cholera bacilli by means of letters, postal cards, etc. —Pittsburg Dispatch.



Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

THE BEST EMERGENCY MEDICINE FOR THE CURE OF Croup, Whooping Cough, LaGrippe, Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, AND THE VARIOUS Throat and Lung Troubles Threatening Every Household. Prompt to act, sure to cure.

Beat the Experts.

The insanity expert is sometimes considered a rather agile and precocious being. His readiness with which different experts deduce directly opposite conclusions from the same premises proves very perplexing to jurors and the public at large in many trials that attract public attention. The American juror, however, is also a person of some versatility, and capable upon occasion of competing with any class of experts upon equal terms. His ability to do this has just been demonstrated in an interesting case in New York.

David J. Solomon, a merchant of New York city, had an engagement to marry Miss Clara Perry Thomas on the evening of the 8th of August last, but failed to appear. His reason for absence was unexceptionable, for at the hour for the nuptials he was an involuntary inmate of the Brookdale Insane Asylum. He had been sent there at the instance of his brother, Henry, who had obtained a certificate from two physicians that David was insane, and on that certificate a Judge granted an order for his confinement in the asylum. His intended bride was told that he was insane, but the place where he was confined was withheld from her.

David Solomon had two-thirds interest in a business amounting to \$350,000 a year; the other third being held by his brother Henry. All his family were against him on the question of sanity, and fourteen out of seventeen of his employees ranged themselves on the same side. His intended bride, however, believed him sane, and obtained a writ of habeas corpus upon the return of which the question of his sanity was submitted to a jury. All the experts said David was insane. Those included not only the two physicians that had given the certificate in the first place, but the Superintendent of the asylum and other physicians connected with the institution. They said he was in the first stage of paresis. No expert testified on the other side, and it is said that none could be found who would pronounce David sane. Nevertheless, the jury were unanimously of the opinion that he was sane, and a good business man, and said so in their verdict after a brief period of consultation.

The testimony of the experts in this case was wholly disregarded by the jury. Two of the experts were concerned in sending the patient to the asylum, and the other two in keeping him there, and were in a measure bound to say he was insane. The jury, which consisted of several bankers and brokers, several merchants, an ex-school Commissioner and a publisher, heard David testify, listened to the other evidence in the case, and overruled the experts. The next day David and Miss Thomas were married.

Whether it turns out in the end that this man is insane or not, there is a serious objection to a system by which anyone may be secretly incarcerated in an asylum at the bare suggestion of some person who has an obvious interest in getting him out of the way. Publicity in such cases is not always desirable, but there should be some means provided by which the liberty of the citizen may be guarded. —New York World.

Col. Breckenridge is getting little comfort from the newspapers. There are a very few in Kentucky which have attempted to defend him. The most of them openly censure him, while others are non-committal. The metropolitan papers of the country without a single exception, so far as the News has seen, have spoken in the most scathing terms of the silver-tongued statesman. —(Paduch News.)

J. O. MILLER

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From Mt. Sterling.

EAST BOUND Leaves Mt. Sterling:

Atlantic Express No. 21 8:55 a m
Midland Express No. 22 1:12 p m
Vestibled Exp No. 23 2:50 p m
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WEST BOUND Leaves Mt. Sterling:

* Lexington Accommodation No. 7 6:52 a m
Lexington Accommodation No. 8 1:12 p m
Vestibled Exp No. 22 5:52 p m

* Daily except Sunday.

* Daily.

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Kentucky Midland Ry.

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Trains Run By Central Standard Time.

TIME TABLE OCT. 3, 1893.

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THE ADVOCATE.

ADVOCATE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

TUESDAY, OCT. 3, 1893.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR STATE SENATOR,

J. H. HOLLOWAY,

OF CLARK.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

W. C. TAYLOR,

OF MENEFEE.

FOR SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT,

I. N. HORTON.

Register to-day.

The United States Senate was the scene of an exciting debate between Mr. Wolcott and Mr. Gordon Wednesday the latter, indignant at the former's reference to him as the "steerer" of the repeal bill and speaking with much feeling, accused the Colorado Senator of eavesdropping at the doors of the committee rooms "through himself or his agents." Afterward Mr. Gordon modified his language and peace again reigned.

On Wednesday last, the motion to set aside the judgment of the Montgomery Circuit Court in appointing the Columbia Finance and Trust Company Trustees of the New Farmers Bank, was heard and dismissed. After the adjournment of the Court, Col. Thomas Turner, at the request of a large number of interested hearers, made a speech from the steps of the Tyler-Apperson block, in which he severely arraigned some of the attorneys engaged in the case. His withering words of denunciation and contempt were scathing, indeed, and the charges he made, and which he stated he was able to prove, were such as to confirm the community, in an already too wide-spread opinion, that a man did not have to be a member of the legislature to sell out.

If the charges are false, it took the tongue of a most malicious slanderer to frame them; if true, no words have meaning enough to paint the guilty ones in their true colors. It does not need to be said, the attorney who will betray a client in one case will betray another when like opportunity offers. A gentleman said to us a few days since, "Ed C. Orser, Thomas Turner and Reid Rogers came out of this case with clean hands, and more firmly rooted in the confidence of the community than they have ever been." It can further be said to the credit of the men, themselves, and to the honor of the exalted positions they have occupied, that the two ex-Chief Justices of Kentucky, Judges B. J. Peters and W. H. Holt, who were in the cases, have not the smell of fire on their garments, nor is there a suspicion that either have an itching palm.

The name of Mr. W. C. Taylor, of Menefee, for Representative, appears at the head of our columns. He is the Democratic nominee, and right loyally will he find the Democracy of Montgomery rally to his support. Mr. Taylor is a good Democrat, and one who, we are assured, will do his best to serve the people of his district to the very utmost of his ability. He is a business man who, by industry, economy and honesty, has won a competency. He began life with little of this world's goods and comparatively few friends able to aid him in his struggles, but his course has been such that he has not only gained money, but what is far better, a reputation among his fellow-men for fidelity and uprightness. We repeat he will do his utmost to make us a creditable Representative.

Mr. I. N. Horton has won the race for Democratic nominee for Superintendent of Schools of Montgomery, and he will be elected by a handsome majority. Equire Horton has served on the Board of Magistrate of Montgomery county and the people know him. He is our nominee and the people are going to support him. The talked-of contest on the part of one of the defeated candidates is all nonsense. The fact that he held the office of Magistrate at the time he was nominated is no bar to that nomination. Horton is our nominee and the people will make him their next Superintendent of Schools. Moreover, the County Committee will be but a few minutes disposing of any notice of a contest on such flimsy grounds as has been proposed. Horton got the votes, he is our nominee, we are going to elect him, and that's all there is in it.

Register to-day.

The Trusteeship of the New Farmers Bank.

We had occasion last week to express our opinion of the appointment of the Columbia Finance and Trust Company as Trustees of the New Farmers Bank. What has developed since has only served to strengthen us in our opinion, and the community is almost a unit in regarding the appointment in quite as unfavorable light as we do. The thing is done, and we fear, cannot now be undone; therefore we sincerely hope we may be mistaken in our estimate of the mischief that will come upon this county because of this appointment. But we want it distinctly understood we have no apologies to make for anything we may have felt called upon to say, or may hereafter find it in our way to express, about this or any other matter, we may feel is inimical to the best interests of the people among whom we live. We are for our own people against outsiders, politically, financially or socially, first, last and all the time. If this is wrong, make the most of it. We are simply built that way and cannot help it—in fact we do not desire to do so. The appointment was a disastrous one in our judgment for the financial interests of the county. We have said so and think the results will fully justify us in using much more pronounced expressions of disapproval than we have yet found necessary to do. We shall see, what we shall see.

Register to-day.

How are the ADVOCATE editors pleased with the candidates nominated last Saturday? He honest about it, brothers, and tell your readers just what you think. Are these candidates the 'very best' that were before the people?

The will of the majority is the supreme law in the Democratic party. How is the ADVOCATE pleased with the nominations last Saturday?—Sentinel-Democrat.

The ADVOCATE tenders its sincerest sympathy to Brother Casidy in his disappointment at his defeat. We hope he may have better luck next time.

Johnson of Indiana showed some of his dirt last week when for an unnamable utterance. Mr. Breckinridge said "I dismiss the gentleman by the way of the hand" he responded "There is another thing you would like the people to dismiss, but they won't." Such an utterance under such circumstances is a true indication of the character of a man who is not even worthy of the honor. Johnson has lowered himself by this utterance in the estimation of all brave and courageous men. Not able to stand in debate with Mr. Breckinridge, he resorts to a cowardly attack.

Ex-Secretary Whitney has written a letter refuting some published charges in regard to the appointment of Mr. James Van Allen as ambassador to Italy. He quotes a letter that he wrote to the President last May concerning the proposed appointment, in which he told the President there was no obligation upon him growing out of the campaign to appoint any one to any office. A letter from Mr. Van Allen is also quoted, in which he refers to the charges as utterly false.

Congressman Oates made an elaborate argument Friday before the House Committee on Banking and Currency in support of his bill repealing the 10 per cent. tax on State banks. The bill provides for Federal supervision, with a limitation of what has been declared by the courts to be a lawful Federal tax. One clause declares the aggregate amount of State bank issues shall not exceed \$5 per capita of the population of the State.

It matters not who the ADVOCATE may have thought were the "very best" men before the recent primary for Democratic nominees for the Legislature and County Superintendent of Public Schools. The majority of Democrats have indicated their choice, and their names are found at the head of our columns as Democratic nominees and we stand ready to champion the cause of these same Democratic nominees.

Register to-day.

The judicial appointment act passed by the last Indiana Legislature has been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of that State. Judge Daly, who wrote the decision declared that the act subjected the judiciary to the legislative power, and utterly destroyed all judicial independence.

Register to-day.



Mr. J. A. Wheeler

"While Serving My Country I was taken ill with spinal disease and rheumatism. When I returned home my trouble was still with me, and I was confined to my bed, unable to help myself for 22 months. After taking seven bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I was well and have not since been troubled with my old complaint. My wife was in ill health, suffering with headache, dizziness and dyspepsia. She took two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and feels like a new woman." JAMES A. WHEELER, 1200 Division St., Baltimore, Md.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion, cure headache. Try a box.

A Card.

MT. STERLING, KY., Sept. 30, '93.

EDITORS MT. STERLING ADVOCATE:

SIR:—May I take enough of your valuable space to say a word to the Democrats of Montgomery and Menefee about the recent primary for Representative?

I am too much gratified by the handsome majority given me by the Democrats of this county, notwithstanding my very brief canvass and the misrepresentations of my opponents, to indulge in any unkind reflections. The disadvantages under which I labored are understood by everyone, and that I used every fair means to adjust all differences is equally well known. I have no regrets personally, having prosecuted the canvass in a perfectly fair and honorable way.

That the general public may not be misled by the statements in the last issue of the Sentinel-Democrat, I have sought this opportunity to say that the implied charge that I used money to buy votes, or connected with any other candidate, is absolutely false. I did not, nor did any friends, use a single dollar to buy a vote, and it is a well known fact that in the precinct in this county where there is the largest "floating" vote, and where Mr. Taylor used his money and secured the vote which nominated him, that he worked in conjunction with one of the candidates for Superintendent.

After declining a fair proposition to settle the matter between us in this county, and manifesting a determination to compass my defeat, when he must have known his own success was impossible, Mr. Casidy might have been generous enough to have treated me justly after his object was accomplished. His effort to account for his own defeat by making indirect charges, which are false, confirms the good sense of the Democrats in refusing to make him their standard-bearer.

My heart is full of gratitude to the good Democrats of Montgomery and the few faithful friends of Menefee for their generous support, and I will cherish with a lasting and tender regard those warm personal friends who made my cause their own.

Very truly yours,

H. R. FRENCH.

A disastrous prairie fire occurred in the west part of the Cherokee strip and scores of settlers lost their property, and narrowly escaped with their lives. Mrs. J. S. Kennedy and her two children were badly burned. John Baker and a Mr. Thomas and family were burned to death. Two children of Mrs. George Harrison are missing, and it is feared they also perished. Mrs. Thompson and two children were fatally burned.

According to Bradstreet, there were during the past nine months 11,174 business failures throughout the United States, an increase of 51 per cent. as compared with the corresponding period last year, and 25 per cent. over 1891.

The merchants of Western Kentucky and Tennessee, are indignant at the Louisville and Nashville and the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern for raising freight rates in the face of a 10 per cent. reduction in the salaries of their employees.

The White Caps of Central Mississippi who are endeavoring to keep all cotton gins closed until the price of cotton reached ten cents a pound, are perpetrating outrages nightly, their methods instituting a reign of terror.

The Michigan game broke through the roof of the Mansfield iron mine near Cavalat Falls, Mich., Thursday night and twenty-eight miners were drowned.

1893

RACES!

1893

Kentucky Association.

FALL MEETING

LEXINGTON, KY

COMMENCING

9 MONDAY, OCT. 16, 9

-Continuing Nine Days!-9

Great Sport!

Large Fields

Great Sport!

of Horses!

J. H. MILLER,

SECRETARY.

E. F. CLAY,

PRESIDENT.

NEW

GOODS!

FRESH

GOODS!

DRESS GOODS—everything in this line new and fashionable. Trimmings the newest and latest.

Flannels, Blankets, Underwear, and the like; Quilts, Lace Curtains, Hosiery—in fact everything that one could think of in the Dry Goods line.

Men's Suitings always on hand.

Notions, stock new and complete. Carpet department full.

Visit our full house, ask for what you want, and it will be shown you. Best prices to cash buyers.

Grubbs & Hazelrigg, Mt. Sterling.

\$2 For \$1.50.

We call special attention to our dubbing arrangement with the great southern weekly, the Atlanta Constitution, which enables us to offer both papers for the remarkably low sum of \$1.50 a year. The first duty of every good citizen is to patronize his home paper. He wishes to become thoroughly conversant with his county matters, and only through his home paper can he expect to be supplied with the current county news, which is of the closest interest to him.

After he has provided himself with his home paper, the next consideration of those who are not within easy reach of a first-class daily newspaper should be to select a first-class weekly newspaper supplying all of the world, and paying special attention to features which are of particular interest to the household and the farm.

Just such a paper is the Weekly Constitution, published at Atlanta, Ga., and having a circulation of 156,000 copies a week, the largest of any weekly newspaper published in America. It is essentially a farmer's paper and stands at the head of the weekly press of this country. Its agricultural department alone is worth the subscription price of the paper, while it numbers among its contributors such well known names as Bret Harte, Mark Twain, Joel Chandler Harris, Sarge Plunkett, Bill Apper, and a host of others, whose reputations are world wide. Its women and children's departments are prepared with a special view to please the little folks and the women, and its news columns literally cover the face of the earth.

At its next regular meeting the City Council will receive sealed bids for any delinquent taxes due the city of Mt. Sterling up to date. The Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

For Exchange.

Will exchange a fine chester white boar stock hog. He is a model, and will weigh about 200 pounds.

For Rent or Sale.

House on Harrison avenue.

For Sale.

A second-hand Remington typewriter, No. 1, in excellent order. Apply at ADVOCATE office.

For Sale.

A second-hand Remington typewriter, No. 1, in excellent order. Apply at ADVOCATE office.

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A second-hand Remington typewriter, No. 1, in excellent order. Apply at ADVOCATE office.

LEXINGTON'S

Great

Trots!

(Ky. T. H. B. Assn. Incorporated)

LEXINGTON,

October 7 to 14, inclusive.

7-DAYS!-7

\$50,000. - \$50,000.

The \$5,000 Futurity Stake.

Saturday, Oct. 7.

\$12,500 Stallion Regress/ive Stake.

Monday, Oct. 9.

The \$5,000 Transylvania Stake.

Tuesday, Oct. 10.

The Great Free-For-All.

Wednesday, Oct. 11.

HALF RATES

On All Railroads.

Ladies Free First Day.

FOR FULL PROGRAMME,

Write

ED. A. TIPTON,

Secretary.

WORLD'S FAIR

EXCURSION

VIA

Queen & Crescent

ROUTE

AND Louisville Southern.

Remember the

Date,

Sept.

21st,

1893.

From stations North of Somerset and West of Lawrenceburg, inclusive, SEPTEMBER 21st, 1893, until 10th day of October.

Lowest Rates of the Season.

Call on Agents for full particulars.

CHARLES LAPPLE,

FRESH MEATS AT

ALL TIMES AT REASONABLE PRICES.

The Butcher.

WORMS!

WHITE'S CREAM

VERMIFUGE

FOR 20 YEARS

Has led all Worm Remedies.

EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Prepared by MEDICINER'S RESIDENCE CO., ST. LOUIS.

A. T. WOOD, HENRY S. WOOD,

A. T. WOOD & SON

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Room No. 6 Tyler-Apperson Block

Mayville Street,

Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Will practice in Montgomery, Powell, Breathitt and Lee Counties and Superior Courts, and Courts of Appeals, and the United States Circuit and District Courts of Kentucky.

MEDICAL EDUCATION

Cincinnati College of Medicine and Surgery, 434 year, Grade Course. Laboratories, Clinics, Hospitals. Reasonable Terms. Begins Sept. 26.

Address, Chas. A. L. Reed, M.D., Dean, T. V. Fitzpatrick, M.D., Sec'y.

TRIMBLE BROS., WHOLESALE GROCERS.

TRIMBLE BROS.,

Wholesale Grocers

MT. STERLING, KY.

Register to-day.

The Bath Circuit Court began its term yesterday.

Esq. B. F. Dorsey is announced as a candidate for City Judge at the November election.

Mr. George W. Burge, a prominent citizen of Georgetown has been stricken with paralysis.

The Montgomery Circuit Court adjourned on Saturday afternoon having held a term embracing the entire four weeks allotted to it.

Is thousands of cures are the best advertisements for Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. 50 cents; by druggists.

The J. N. Wilson company of Lexington on Wednesday suffered a loss by fire of some \$40,000 on their stock of clothing and furnishing goods. Loss covered by insurance.

A dispatch from Knoxville, Tenn., states that the Drummond lynching case has assumed a very different phase, it being now claimed that citizens of Briceville and not soldiers are the guilty parties.

At Lexington, Ky., it is thought that the failure of the Granite State Bank, at Exeter, N. H., will affect the Lexington Water Works Company. J. F. Putnam, President of the Lexington Company, was also President of the Granite Bank.

There was right sharp trading in wool coats at Lancaster Monday. M. S. Bagelman bought ten more coats at \$55 to \$75, and J. M. Glover, of Pulaski, bought a bunch of horse coats at \$30 to \$35. There was very little doing in other branches of trade.—Danville Advocate.

The Court of Appeals has decided that there is no authority for the customary delay of thirty days in the appellate clerk's issuance of the mandate of the court in criminal cases. The decision sets aside old precedents, and put into effect will materially alter criminal practice.

The bill for public buildings at this place is being pushed by congressman Lisle. He has amended it so as to ask for \$50,000 instead of \$25,000 and it will reach the committee the latter part of this month. Mr. Lisle is putting in good work for his district.

In view of the unusual activity lately of train robbers, armed men will hereafter accompany all mail and express trains leaving Chicago for the East and South. The Pennsylvania railroad will arm its trainmen, and it is understood that the Rock Island, the Wabash and the Illinois Central will take the same precautions.

The call notes of a scattered crowd of Bob White's were heard in town yesterday. They will very likely be more of rarity this season than ever before known in this section. It is to be regretted that steps have been taken to protect them from gunners, neiger and trappers until they have become moderately plentiful again.—Owingsville Outlook.

Near Harrodsburgh, Jink Renfrow, Hope Wright and William Shoe-maker were digging a well and at the distance of one hundred and thirty feet applied dynamite when an explosion occurred from gas igniting it and seriously burning all three. The two first named are fatally injured and the latter will probably recover.

John C. Wood Post Master of Mt. Sterling Post office has sent to Mr. Cleveland his resignation to take effect as soon as his successor has been appointed and qualified. Mr. Wood has made an efficient and courteous officer and we have had no fault to find in his management but as a politician he is greatly deformed and had no business with an office under a democratic administration.

Miss Jennie Wainwright of Lancaster has brought suit against Prof. J. E. Harry of the Georgetown College in the Scott Circuit Court for \$10,000 damages. Mrs. Harry had boarded at the Lancaster Hotel of which Miss Wainwright was housekeeper and while there had stolen from her room some valuables and accused Miss Wainwright of theft. An officer searched her room and nothing was found and hence the suit.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Agnes Walsh has returned from Chicago.

Mrs. ———— McCarty is very sick with typhoid fever.

Mr R. A. Mitchell was at Fulton on business last week.

Capt. T. P. Martin is in Cincinnati this week buying goods.

Mr. ———— Cunn is quite sick at his sister's, Mrs. John McGilway.

C. G. Thompson is visiting the family of G. E. Coleman at Owensboro.

Miss Bettie Robert has taken her position again at T. P. Martin & Co's.

Maj. O. S. Tenney of Lexington was in the city on legal business last week.

J. G. Trimble, Jr., returned from a trip to the World's Fair Sunday evening.

Rev. Thos. White, of Portsmouth, O., is visiting relatives in the county and city.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Lloyd left for Chicago and the World's Fair on Sunday.

Mrs. Mary J. Anderson is visiting her daughter, Mrs. G. H. Sutherland, in St. Louis.

Mrs. J. W. Hedden and two sons, Jacob and Roger, are visiting in Shelby county.

Miss Sallie B. Judy, of North Middletown, was visiting friends in the city yesterday.

Miss Darcus Gibson, daughter of Mr. James Gibson, who has been quite sick is much better.

Misses Mary, Maggie and Agnes King and Mr. James King returned from the World's Fair Sunday.

Mrs. Annie Tipton has moved into her property on Mayville street, purchased of Mrs. Lou Probert.

Dr. N. C. Morse, of Elmore, Iowa, visited his sister, Mrs. W. O. Chenault, from Saturday until Monday.

R. M. Trimble, wife and bright-lit-son, John White, returned from a visit to the World's Fair yesterday.

Miss Mattie Thompson who has been visiting Mrs. Jennie Galewood, has returned to her home at Horse Cave.

The following parties left for the World's Fair on Wednesday last: Dr. Stoops and daughter, Miss Lizzie, Miss Sallie Berkley, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Grubbs, Misses Katie and Virginia Grubbs, Ed Bush, Joe L. Conroy, Hugh Stephens, Richard Punch, Misses Lizzie and Minnie Duerson, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Strossman, and Mrs. Lizzie Everett and Mrs. T. G. Denton.

J. H. Brunner, of Mt. Sterling came over Sunday morning and returned in the afternoon with his wife, who had been visiting her sister, Mrs. W. R. Peters, Jr., for some time. John Feehan, tinner of Mt. Sterling, was here Tuesday looking for a contract for roofing. T. M. Leach, of Mt. Sterling has been here for several days the past week. He is assisting the Insurance companies in adjusting the losses by the late fire. R. C. Gatewood and wife, of Mt. Sterling, spent Sunday with Dr. Cattlett and family. W. S. Green, of Mt. Sterling, was in town Monday.—Owingsville Outlook.

Religions

Elder H. D. Clark returned on Friday from Clifton, near Louisville, where he had been holding a meeting. There were three additions during the meeting. He filled his pulpit at the Christian church on Sunday morning and evening.

Rev. A. Redd is holding a protracted meeting at the Methodist Church, South, and is being ably assisted by Rev. H. C. Henderson, of Louisville, who is doing the preaching. Preaching mornings and evenings during the week. Everybody has a special invitation to attend these meetings. Prof. E. S. Fogg will lead the song service.

Rev. B. B. Bailey, of Shelby county, preached at the Baptist church, this city, last Sunday morning. Mr. Bailey is one of the strongest and most attractive preachers of the State and made a good impression here.

Kennedy Bros.,

The - Prescription - Druggists - DEALERS IN -

Pure Drugs, Medicines, &c.

School Books, School Supplies, Pure Inks, pencils, &c. All Toilet Articles. Also Paints, Oils and Varnishes.

Register to-day.

Purely vegetable—Hood's Pills—25 cents.

The Jim Crow law goes into effect to day.

Peter Greenwade has received the appointment of Postmaster at Spencer.

The State law of Kentucky does not permit barber shops to do work on Sundays.

Mr. B. F. Carter, of West Liberty, has been declared the Democratic nominee of Morgan county for School Superintendent.

The Worlds Fair officials claim they will be completely out of debt Oct. 9. The remaining 21 days will be devoted to the interests of the stockholders.

The Democratic majority is not so large in the city that any Democrat can afford to fail to register. Remember you must register today to be eligible to vote at the November election. Dont forget it.

Joshua Owings and Vamp Cook were in Louisville last week selling their tobacco. Mr. Owings sold eight hds, that averaged him at home, 83 cents. Mr. Cook sold 12 hds, that averaged 94 cents at home.

William Coles was arrested Sunday by Deputy Marshal Punch at Morehead charged with robbing Rodman postoffice, in Rowan county, on last Saturday. His trial will be before Commissioner T. F. Rogers to-day at 10 o'clock.

W. R. O'Connell and John F. King attended the meeting of the Y. M. I. at Cincinnati last week. They reached home on Thursday evening very much delighted with their pleasant trip. Mr. O'Connell was elected First Grand Vice-President, an honor worthily bestowed on a worthy man.

John Kearns, Sr., aged 80 years, died from cancer of the stomach on last Wednesday. He was held in high esteem, wherever known. His remains were taken to Mayville for interment. He leaves three children, John, Miss Mary, of this county, and Thomas Kearns, of New Decatur, Alabama.

Mr. H. V. Sanders, the Secretary and Treasurer of the Columbia Finance and Trust Company, is now in charge of the affairs of the New Farmers Bank. Mr. Sanders will be here for some time, or till he gets the matters pertaining to the bank straightened out. Interested parties are advised to read the notice of the Columbia Trust Company in this issue.

Buck Bridges and Sherman Barnes, both negroes, indulged in a cutting contest on Sunday evening, on Main street, near Queen. They used the "cullid gen'man's" favorite weapon, the "razor." Bridges received a severe gash in the right arm, laying open the muscle to the bone, and Barnes was cut on the head and neck. Neither will die. Both were put in Jim Best's cooler after having their wounds sewed up. Their examining trial was set for Wednesday. As usual, a woman in the case.

News from Washington seems to indicate that the compromise talk is daily becoming more pronounced. It is believed that the abandonment by the managers of the repeal bill of their scarcely concealed intention to force an issue this week may be the basis for a great deal of this talk, but a prominent Democratic Senator, who has been identified from the beginning with the movement to reconcile the conflict of opinion between the two elements in his party, is said to be confidently expressing the opinion that an early date, probably some time this week, a compromise will be reached, by the terms of which the silver bullion now in the Treasury will be coined during a period of about four years; that a sufficient amount of silver will be purchased from time to time to bring the total silver circulation up to \$500,000,000; that bonds will be issued sufficient to bring the gold reserve up to \$300,000,000 and that the bank circulation is to be extended to the par value of bonds deposited to secure their circulation.

CORRESPONDENCE

Stepstone.

Most all tobacco is cut and housed in this vicinity.

Corn cutting and wheat sowing is all the go with the farmers here.

H. L. Maxey and his daughter, Mrs. Burns, and little Prudy, returned from Ringo's and Poplar Plains and Hillsboro, where Mrs. Burns had been visiting the past week.

Preston Williams, of Sharpsburg, visited at Salt Lick and Farmers last week.

Mrs. Buck Comer and children are visiting in Madison county.

Frank Carpenter set a stump on fire to kill a snake and burned thirty or forty parcels of fence.

Little Alice Williams, who is visiting in New Albany, Ind., writes she is going to school and is well and happy and not homesick.

Miss Edie Maxey, of West Liberty, will leave Mt. Sterling Saturday next and join Miss Carrie Clark at New Albany, Ind., where she expects to be gone some time—that is, until she completes her course as a dressmaker.

Refus Hale, of Jeffersonville, visited his children on Stepstone last week.

George Carpenter's stable and corncr were burned last week. The family were all absent but two little twin children about three or four years old, who gave the alarm, and Mr. Carpenter just came in time to save his horse, which had laid down to die. The horse was badly burned. It is supposed the children might have set it on fire, yet the truth is not known, as they said they saw a man leaving there with a straw hat on.

Grassy Lick.

Mr. Dickens and daughter, of Fleming county, were visiting his daughter, Mrs. O. B. Brumlinger, last week.

W. R. Dean attended the Louisville tobacco market last week and sold at satisfactory prices.

J. D. Gay has bought of different parties 28 head of good feeding cattle at \$13.15 per hundred; average 1125 pounds.

English Anderson has bought 54 head of feeders at \$3.25; average 1200 pounds.

H. L. Mark sold to Nelson P. Gay 10 head of feeders at \$3.25; average 1150 pounds.

J. Nelson Mason has bought 30 head of good feeders at \$3.20; average 1140 pounds.

Joe Sullivan sold to Joshua Owings 4 head of good feeders at \$3.25; average 1200 pounds.

Died, on last Wednesday, September 28th, at his home near Grassy Lick, Mr. John Kearns, in his 80th year of age, of cancer of the stomach. He was the father of John and Miss Mary, of this county, and Thomas, of New Decatur, Ala. Mr. Kearns and his daughter have lived in this neighborhood for some ten years, and have won the hearts of all their neighbors. The family have the sympathy of all this people.

Farmers are about through threshing wheat and housing tobacco and are making good headway in cutting corn, and have begun sowing wheat. The usual acreage of wheat will be sown, although the prices continue below production.

The rain on last Saturday will do much good in starting the streams, which have been dry for months. It will also start the grass to growing.

HOOD'S CURES when all other preparations fail. It possesses curative power peculiar to itself. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Rev. C. G. Lester, of the particular Baptists, preached at the Baptist church, this city, Monday night to an appreciative audience, and will preach at the same place to-night.

Twenty-nine moonshiners, captured in Rowan, Carter and Lewis counties, passed through the city Monday, handcuffed together and under heavy guard, en route for Louisville.

The best leaf lard is at Adam Baum & Son's. 10-3t

INSURE YOUR

TOBACCO

With A. HOFFMAN. Best Companies and low Rates.

Reduced Rates to Lexington Fall Races

September 2 to October 7, 1893, via Queen & Crescent Route. Tickets on sale each day of meeting to Cincinnati and return, good five days from date of sale, from all stations on Q. & C., and Louisville Southern in Kentucky.

Tickets Cincinnati to Lexington and return at one fare for the round trip every Saturday evening, good returning Monday, will enable turfmen and others to spend Sunday in the Blue grass region.

D. G. EDWARDS, G. P. A.

Cincinnati, Ohio.

Adam Baum & Son have the best Swiss cheese made. Try it, 10-3t

Do not forget that Howe & Johnson make a specialty of pure liquors for family and medicinal purposes. They guarantee the purity of the goods they handle. 10-3t

Sutton & Smith will have something to say to you next week. Look out for their ad.

Magnificent stock of new goods all kinds at

T. P. MARTIN & Co's

Go to Howe & Johnson for pure family liquors; 50c, 75c, and 81 per quart. 10-3t

For the best assortment of molasses and syrups go to

ADAM BAUM & SON.

Howe & Johnson handle such pure family liquors that people will have them at any cost. If they lack the money to buy they will break in and steal them. It has rained, but Howe & Johnson still have plenty of full strength to supply all for family and medicinal purposes. 10-3t

MT. STERLING, Ky., Sept. 29, 1893.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that it has been appointed by the Circuit Court of Montgomery county as Trustee under the assignment of the New Farmers Bank of Mt. Sterling, Ky., and has qualified as such and has taken charge of the Bank.

All persons who are indebted to the Bank are requested to call at the office of the Bank at Mt. Sterling and settle. All persons having claims against the Bank are requested to present them, fully proven according to law. Debtors will please bring in their pass books and have them balanced.

C. LUMBER FINANCE & TRUST CO., of Louisville, Ky., Trustee.

For nice sugar-cured hams, go to

ADAM BAUM & SON'S.

We sell more goods for \$1 cash than any house in town. Try us once. 10-3t

HOWE & JOHNSON.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES,

Or you are worn out, badly good for nothing, it is general debility. Try

REDFORD'S TONIC. It will cure you, cleanse your liver, and give you a good appetite.

REED.

FOR CASH !

A Big Out in Prices For The

Next 30 Days In Glassware.

Tumblers 15c to 60c per set.

Stand Lamps 20c to 65c each.

Preserve Stand 15c to 45c each.

Pickle Stand 5c to 15c.

Mason Quart Jars 5c.

Queensware.

Plates 25c per set and upward.

Cups and Saucers 30c and upward.

Pitchers 15c up.

Vegetable Dishes 15c up.

Bowls and Pitchers, full size, 75c.

Tinware.

Wash Pan 5c. Pt Cups 3c. Qt Cups 6 1/2c. Gallon Cups 8c. Dish

Pans 20c. 2-Qt Coffee Pots 15c. Hunters

Sifters 20c. Wood Rim Sifters 10c. 4-Qt Covered Buckets 15c.

Heating Stoves \$2.00 up.

Cook Stoves \$4.50 up.

W. W. REED.

Hardware and Queensware

MT. STERLING, - - - Ky.



Dont Drink-mpure Water

The safety of the family at all times, and especially in time of an epidemic, depends largely on the purity of the water used. Absolutely pure water can be secured by using the Natural Stone Disk Filter sold by us. They are easily cleaned, very simple in construction and cost only \$5.

CHILES, THOMPSON Grocery Co.

THE ADVOCATE.

COUNTY ANNOUNCEMENTS

Announcements for county offices, \$5, each to accompany the order. Communications in the interest of candidates, 10 cents per line.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce Richard H. Hunt as a candidate for Sheriff of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Wm. Sied as a candidate for Sheriff of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. C. B. Gillispie as a candidate for Sheriff of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JAILER.

We are authorized to announce Joe C. Turley as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Joseph M. Smith as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce T. M. Leach as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. M. Best as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. W. Chenant as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce James W. Lookridge as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Sam Greenwadt as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

COUNTY ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce A. A. Hazelrigg as a candidate for County Attorney of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. Coleman Reid as a candidate for County Attorney of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

ASSESSOR.

We are authorized to announce Charles H. Jones as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce John W. Cockridge as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Edward J. Gallagher as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce G. Allen McCormick as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

COUNTY CLERK.

We are authorized to announce Lucien B. Green as a candidate for County Clerk of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce George A. Whitney as a candidate for County Clerk of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce W. B. O'Connell as a candidate for County Clerk of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

CITY JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce John B. Turner as a candidate for Judge of Police Court, of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce James G. Lane as a candidate for Police Judge of the city of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Judge H. Clay McKee as a candidate for City Attorney of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce John B. Phillips as a candidate for City Attorney of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce John M. Elliott as a candidate for City Attorney of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COUNTY JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce A. B. White as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Henry M. Woodford as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Wallace A. De Haven as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Herbert Knowlton as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county. He submits his claims to the action of the Democratic party.

CHIEF OF POLICE.

We are authorized to announce Charles Wilson as a candidate for Chief of Police of the city of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce John Gibbons as a candidate for Chief of Police of the city of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce S. W. Gaiskill as a candidate for Chief of Police of the city of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

MAYOR.

We are authorized to announce W. R. Nunneley as a candidate for Mayor of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Adam Baum as a candidate for Mayor of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

Having been solicited by numerous Democratic friends to become a candidate for Mayor of Mt. Sterling, I now declare myself a candidate, subject to the action of the Democratic party. I respectfully solicit your support.

S. KING FORD.

COUNCILMAN.

We are authorized to announce J. Will Clay as a candidate for Councilman of the First ward of the city of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party. Primary Election Oct. 9th, 1893.

We are authorized to announce Mr. C. H. Bryan as a candidate for Councilman from the First ward of the city of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party. Primary Election Oct. 9th, 1893.

We are authorized to announce J. M. Isola as a candidate for Councilman from the Second Ward, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Henry Watson as a candidate for Councilman from the Second Ward of the city of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party. Primary Election, October 9, 1893.

We are authorized to announce G. G. Glover as a candidate for Councilman from the Fourth Ward of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. M. Conroy as a candidate for Councilman from the Fourth Ward of the city, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

Recent Medical Absurdities.

The latest medical absurdity is the use of "organic extracts," prepared from various vital organs, and intended for the relief of diseases affecting similar organs of human beings. Thus for brain and nervous troubles we have a preparation of brain juice under the head of "Cerebrine;" for cardiac affections a liquid extracted from the heart of some one who has no further use for it is brought forward as a reliable cure under the name of "Cardine;" and the list is capable of indefinite extension. These are not ordinary quick medicines like those advertised so widely in the daily newspapers, but are introduced and recommended by regular physicians of well-known reputation. It seems strange that any educated person could accept any such preposterous theory, which is a direct reversal to the medical science of the middle ages, and in opposition to all the results of modern investigations; but mankind, both professional and unprofessional, is characterized by credulity, and we expect to see the "organic extracts" flourish for a few weeks or months, and then quietly disappear, to join Brown-Sequard's "Elixir of Life," "Koch's Tuberculin," "Berggren's injection of sulphurated hydrogen," and various other renowned cures which are now as dead as the patients to whom they were administered.—Popular Science Monthly.

The World's Fair and American Railways.

The Queen & Crescent Route widely known as the road running the "Finest Trains in the South," is in the field to carry everybody from the South to the World's Fair at Chicago. No part of the Southern country is left uncared for by this great railway and its connections. The Through Car System is an admirable exposition of the wonderful capabilities of American railroading. From New Orleans Through Sleeping Cars run daily, morning and evening, carrying, its passengers via Cincinnati to Louisville, as they may select.

From Shreveport, Vicksburg and Jackson, another Through Sleeping Car Line comes to join and become a part of the magnificent Vestibule Through Trains, which passing through Birmingham and the famous Valley of Alabama, is joined at Chattanooga by the train from Jacksonville, Fla., Brunswick, and Atlanta, Ga., over the E. T. V. & Ga. railroad, and proceeds north over the beautiful Cincinnati Southern, through the grandest natural scenery and most attractive historical country in the world, to Chicago, where another magnificent Pullman car is received, coming from the Richmond & Danville System from Charleston, S. C., through Columbia, S. C., the beautiful French Broad country, and Asheville, N. C. and Knoxville, Tenn. The time to Chicago is made so as to afford the most convenient hours for departures from the principal cities and arrivals in Chicago.

Passengers can purchase tickets good over one line north of the river, and returning via another if they desire a variable route without extra charge. Or they can go via Cincinnati, returning via Louisville, or vice versa.

Round trip tickets on sale at reduced rates. Agents of the Chicago line will on request assist in looking up rooms or accommodations for visitors to the Fair.

Everything that an almost perfect system can devise to deserve the praise and patronage of the traveling public has been provided. Any of the agents of the company named below will cheerfully give you the most complete information and assistance. R. H. Garratt, New Orleans, La. I. Hardy, Vicksburg, Miss. J. E. McGregor, Chattanooga, Ala. E. T. O'Connell, Chattanooga, Tenn. W. D. Cox, Chattanooga, Ky., or D. G. Edwards, Cincinnati, Ohio. 42-4

Bringing the Company to Terms.

A German saloon keeper wanted electric lights, and applied to an electric light company not a hundred miles from New York. This company was operating its station on the "fixed charge" system; that is, so much per month, whether the lights burned one day or thirty days. Some one had told the German about electric meters, and that was what he wanted. "I bay for vot I get, and no more," said he. "You put me in a media alretty, aber I don't get me no lights." Now, it happened the company had no meters, but it was either lose a customer or put in a meter, they proceeded to make one. The works of a heap seven day clock were secured and placed in a wooden box, with instructions that it mustn't be touched. The wires of the main circuit were run in one side of the box and out the other. The clock was wound up, and its heavy ticking was a constant source of pleasure to the German. Every week a man would come and wind the clock with great ostentation, besides putting down a string of figures in a little pocket-book. The company rendered the bills monthly in such amounts as to average up the "fixed charge" at the end of year. The German was very proud of his shrewdness and his meter, and would show it to any one who happened to notice it. "See dat?" he would say, "a electric meter. Don't touch it! Dat 'lectric meter bin purty smart, but dey don't give ayy mid me, by chimley!"—Electrical Review.

Salt Sweetens Sugar

A member of the Physiological Society of Berlin definitely explains the making of sugar sweeter by the addition of salt. From his experiments he finds that if a solution of sugar there will be added a slight amount of salt and water, so weak that it excites no saline taste, the result is extra sweetness of the sugared water. The weakest of guinea solution is said also to produce similar results. The explanation given of the above seeming incongruity is that the ever so feeble salt bitterness imparts an increasing sensibility to the sensation of taste by the simultaneous stimuli, and hence an appreciation of additional sweetness.

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Double Chloride of Gold Tablets

REMEMBER WE GUARANTEE A CURE FOR TOBACCO HABIT. If you do not believe this, send us your name and address, and we will send you a box of our Tablets, and if you do not believe this, send us your name and address, and we will send you a box of our Tablets.

DRUNKENNESS AND MORPHINE HABIT can be cured at home, and without any effort on the part of the patient, by the use of our SPECIAL FORMULA GOLD CLORIDE TABLETS. During treatment patients are allowed the free use of Liquor or Morphine until such time as they shall voluntarily give up the habit. We send particulars and pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our TABLETS.

HILL'S TABLETS are for sale by all first-class druggists at \$1.00 per package. If you do not wish to keep them, enclose us \$1.00 and we will send you, by return mail, a package of our Tablets.

Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED into purchasing any of the various cheap imitations that are offered for sale. Ask for **HILL'S TABLETS** and take no chance.

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+ RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED (in writing please mention this paper) +

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We represent the "Old Reliable"

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And the Mason & Hamlin and Chicago COTTAGE ORGANS.

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We have also just added a complete line of SHEET MUSIC and SMALL MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS to our stock, and can furnish you anything in that line you are looking for. Remember we will still handle all kinds Sewing Machine Needles and Oil. When in need of anything in our line give us a call.

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Business for profit. We can succeed only by practicing strict economy and observing business methods. Our prices will be no higher than those of our sharpest competitors in the largest cities. A suite of furniture or any other article of our line, will be a duplicate in material and price to those in the cheapest markets, the same to be considered. The trade will be supplied with the latest styles of bedroom, parlor and hall furniture, wardrobes, bookcases, sideboards, chiffoniers, hutchbacks, settees, panel and ornamental chairs, tables, couches, folding beds, in the various combinations, etc.

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STOCK OF CARPETS.

Of both high and low grades, upholstery and curtain materials, mats, rugs, table and piano covers, window poles, etc.

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For further information as to Rates, Car Service, Sleeping Car Reservations, etc., call on or address any agent of the Queen & Crescent Route or E. T. V. & Ga. Railroad, O. C. KINKARSON, G. F. A., Cincinnati, O.

THROUGH CARS TO CHICAGO.

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A recent discovery by an old and reliable medicine discovered in the mountains of the South, and is now being manufactured in place of this. Ask for Coughs and Croup, and it will take no substitute, or of the same quality by return mail. Full particulars in plain envelopes, to which only two cents. Address

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Sold in Mt. Sterling, Kentucky, by W. A. Sutton, J. C. Lloyds, T. G. Sullivan, and Druggists everywhere.

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MONTGOMERY QUARTERS COURT.	JAMES LEWIS APPERSON, presiding, Third and Fifth Mondays in August, July and October.
COUNTY COURT.	Third Monday of each month.
ST. STEERING CITY COURT—CIVIL BRANCH.	JAMES JAMES W. COOPER, presiding, First Saturday of each month.

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THE ADVOCATE.

SOME EARNEST WORDS AS TO LYNCHING.

Everybody can see that lynching grows worse and worse. Such practices are contagious. Public description of one case suggests another, where it might not have been thought of. What in the world will this lead to? As a permanent and growing practice, lynching must be destructive of civilization. Is this statement too broad? Think a moment and see if it would not be so.

Now the apology for lynching must lie in one of two things: Some say that our laws and our courts can no longer be relied on to punish as outrageous criminals ought to be punished. Others tell us that lynching will be more likely to strike terror into brutish criminals, than the slow and dull processes of law.

As to the last point, I gravely doubt whether the view is correct. Even the lowest of mankind are not brutes. They have some notions of right and wrong; something of what we call conscience. If you try to restrain such a man from great crimes only by fear of lynching, you excite the brutish elements in him, and do not appeal to the human elements. He thinks to himself, that if he gets caught he will be lynched, and he simply rages at the thought, and really considers himself as in such a case the innocent party. Besides, he hopes to escape. He feels cunning. He thinks maybe some other fellow will be caught and lynched. Everybody knows that this does sometimes happen, though the parties engaged in lynching naturally cover it up after the mistake is ascertained. The tempted criminal grins to think how some other fellow may be swung up while he goes free. Altogether it is a form of punishment that does not strike terror, certainly not so much as many seem to imagine. On the other hand, if law is properly administered, there is something about it that appeals to the human in a tempted wretch. I was glad to see the Courier-Journal the other day expressing a similar persuasion. The idea of having all the facts searched out and proved against him, having his guilt fully established, and then having to wait for weeks with a knowledge that at last he will be hung, there is really something more terrible about this than attaches to the prospect of lynching.

But the great trouble is, people say, that the laws are sometimes inadequate, the punishment provided is not severe enough, and, especially, the lawyers can manage to have guilty men escape if there is any money in the case. Now there is some ground for this view. There has been a tendency, in recent generations, to tone down the punishment for the lightest offenses, and to sympathize with, or pity, a vile criminal as rather unfortunate than guilty. There is a sort of sentimentality abroad in regard to criminals, by no means universal, but pretty widely diffused. And it can not be denied that some lawyers manage to delay a case until public indignation has subsided, and then, perhaps, the guilty man may go free, or may encounter only a modified punishment. Lawyers are like the prophet's fig—the good are very good and the bad are very bad. Some of the noblest men in the world are judges and lawyers; but those who yield to early life the temptations of their calling, some times become very bad men, and our processes of trial, designed to save men from hasty condemnation and excessive penalties, are not unfrequently manipulated in the interest of the guilty. What then?

Suppose that some horrid crime has been committed; some outrageous arson, or murder, or rape. When hasty spirits propose lynching, the plea is always made that the courts cannot be relied on. Now suppose that instead of lynching, a public meeting should be held, in which many thoughtful and judicious citizens take part. Let the prima facie facts be stated in the meeting; let a large committee be appointed, representing different classes of the community, according to the Executive of the case; and a smaller, more exclusive committee; let the meeting urge, and the committee see to it, that the case shall be pushed along without any undue delay; let the lower grade of lawyers perceive that public opinion will not tolerate any tricks of delay; let a second meeting be held, if necessary, or at any rate let the committee make itself felt, insisting upon promptness

and pain-taking justice; thus the high wrought feelings of the community would find expression in a way tending to speedy results, while yet the requisites to civilized justice would be respected and observed.

I have mentioned that the law sometimes fails to impose adequate penalties. The most offensive of all crimes, the one that oftentimes occasions lynching, is quite differently punished in different States. By the help of my friend, Judge W. O. Harris, I offer the following facts as to the penalty of rape in the Southern States—not stopping to point out the distinction made in some States, according to the age of the victim: In Arkansas, Florida, Louisiana and North Carolina it is punished by death; in Alabama, and Kentucky by death, or confinement in the penitentiary for life, in the discretion of the jury; in Georgia, Maryland, Mississippi, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia by death, or confinement in the penitentiary for a term of years, in the discretion of the jury; in Mississippi by confinement in the penitentiary for life; in South Carolina by confinement in the penitentiary for a term of not less than ten years. Now if any think that in their State the penalty is inadequate—as I must confess I think in regard to several of the cases mentioned—let them earnestly work to get their Legislature. That may do a great deal, and can do any great harm.

Besides the general evil of lynching upon which I will not enlarge, there are two special evils appertaining to the practice in our Southern States. I write as a Southern man, having spent my life successively in Virginia, South Carolina and Kentucky. We Southern white people are trying to deal with the most formidable problem that civilized mankind ever had to face. Besides a great many ignorant white people, we have this mighty mass of colored people. We must not forget that the negroes differ widely among themselves, having come from different races in Africa, and having had very different relations to the white people while held in slavery. Many of them are greatly superior to others in character, but the great mass of them belong to a very low grade of humanity. We have to deal with them as best we can, while a large number of other white people stand off at a distance and scold us. Not a few of our fellow citizens at the North feel that the number is sadly great who do nothing and seem to care nothing but to find fault. Now, from the very nature of the case, most of the crimes which among us have been punished in this epidemic of lynching have been crimes committed by negroes. When a negro murders a white man, or outrages a white woman or child, it excites in us a wrath all the greater because of race feeling. Every white person in the United States would feel the same way if placed in the same circumstances, except some few who fancy they ought not to feel so, and then persuade themselves that they do not. If a negro brute outrages a white girl, maybe a child, it stirs in us white men a wrath almost intolerable. But here we are with these great and frightful difficulties confronting us and impending civilization. Now, if we go on lynching, and when Northern newspapers complain, we merely rake up cases of Northern lynchings, too, and defend ourselves by saying: "you are another," we tend to repress the sympathy of the better class of our Northern fellow-citizens. If we can stop the lynching and administer prompt, stern, but real and civilized justice, then the people at the North will more and more sympathize with our grave difficulties, and in many ways will help us as we strive to overcome them.

Besides, there is the public opinion of the colored people themselves. Some of the educated negroes are demagogues, and it would be wonderful if they were not; but there is a new reason for questioning the unity of the human race, if they were so different from the white folk. But there is a goodly number of intelligent negroes who really take sound and wholesome views of the situation. If we continue to tolerate lynching, with black men the victims in cases out of ten, we lead these better negroes to think that we are enemies of all their race. If we do not provoke race conflicts, we alienate the better class from the support of justice and government and civilization.

Now, then, I appeal to thoughtful men wherever the Courier-Journal is read, will you not come out and conduct this business of lynching? Will you not openly discourage and oppose and stop it? We can stop it. Is not

this our duty? Is it not high time? I respectfully ask editors of other papers to publish some part of this article, or to write something about the matter. I ask intelligent people all over the South to reflect upon the subject, to tone up public opinion by their conversation. Men and women the thing is wrong, and getting worse, and tending to be ruinous. I pray you think, speak out, act in such ways as you deem wisest.

I will not apologize for publishing this respectful appeal. As a minister of religion, I take no part in the manipulations of party politics, though careful to vote at every election, since voting is surely one of the highest duties of an American citizen. But this is in no sense a question of party politics. It is a question of justice, of fundamental right, of essential civilization, of human welfare.—Dr. John A. Broadus, in the Courier-Journal.

LAND, STOCK AND CROP.

In Clark county, J. B. Wilson sold his 100-acre farm, near Hunt, to Jas. Reid and Jas. Babak for \$3,300.

The price of wheat is advancing slowly, and will advance more rapidly as the money market becomes easier. At Flemingsburg court about 200 mule colts were on the market, ranging from \$15 to \$50. Mountain cattle sold at 1 1/4 to 2 cents. Good horses at good prices.

At Lancaster court there was good trade in mule colts, but little doing in other branches of trade. 10 mare colts sold at \$55 to \$75; a bunch of horse colts at \$30 to \$55.

Robert M. Hunter has shipped 1,500 bushels of Jessamine clover seed bought for Cincinnati parties, engaged at \$5 per bushel. Since the decline in seed he has purchased about 500 bushels more at \$4.50. This same seed will find its way back to the county next spring at about \$7.50 per bushel.—Jessamine Journal.

At Wichita, Kan. in the district Court Judge Reed declared the eight-hour law unconstitutional. Judge Reed is the first District Judge to pass on the act. He holds it contrary to both the State and the federal Constitutions, and declares it a restraint on the liberties of action. Claims aggregating hundreds of thousands of dollars for overtime under this act are pending against every county and city in the State.

The total amount of the Tribble land sale in Madison was \$130,000. The home place of 506 1/2 acres, and one of the finest homes in the county, sold to J. Stone Walker for \$62,000; Terrell place, 295 acres, J. S. Walker, \$58; Peter Tribble place, 561 acres, D. M. Chenault, \$54; Estill place, 198 1/2 acres, J. W. Bales, \$50.35; Rayburn place, 98 1/2 acres, J. B. Parks, \$50.90; Ballew place, 124 acres, G. W. Ballew, \$32.10; Miller place, 335 acres, H. B. Dillingham, \$55; place of 68 1/2 acres, C. D. Chenault, at \$80.

S. F. Stone bought of J. B. Durham one bunch of cattle at 24 cents, and one lot of late lambs at 4 cents. W. J. Lacy, of near town, sold to J. W. Hughes, of Flat Creek, four 1,200-lb feeding steers for \$174. Geo. A. Vice bought for his firm, Boyd, Hendrix & Co., of near Sherburne, 9 fat steers, averaging 950 pounds, at \$2.35 per hundred, of John W. Corbin, of near Reynolds. J. J. Crain, of Hillsboro, bought the following: 4 fat oxen of John B. Darnell, of White Oak, at \$2.50 and \$2.75 per hundred pound; 2 fat oxen at Wyoming of Mrs. L. Donan, of this place, at \$3 per 100 pounds.—Owingsville Outlook.

AFTER AWHILE.

After awhile
The sorrow that pain us will melt in a smile,
And the horse that we let on will win every mile—

After awhile!
The fire will blaze and the kettle will "blee,"
And cash will come in like a millionaire's plea—
After awhile!
(Let no one the song I am singing revile)
We'll hitch up and gallop to glory in style—
After awhile!
—Atlanta Constitution.

How sad to our hearts are some scenes of our childhood,
As our recollections present them to view;
The use of the switch that was brought from the widow,
And the woe punishments most of us knew.

But saddest of all is the thought of the pill-box,
That mother brought out when she thought we were ill,
O! the gripping, the aching, the twisting and torment
Wrapped up in the horrible old-fashioned pill!
But that's all a dead away with.
To regulate the stomach, liver and bowels,
Dr. Pierce's Peppermint Cure. You'll experience no pain, no discomfort, no bad results. Children take them as readily as peppermint drops.

SEND FIFTY CENTS

FOR A TRIAL MONTH'S SUBSCRIPTION TO THE
Louisville Times,
THE BRIGHTEST AND BEST AFTERNOON PAPER IN THE SOUTH.
Latest Market Quotations.
Latest State News.
All the Local News.
Complete Press Reports.
LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE SOUTH.
30,000 AND OVER DAILY.
50 CENTS A MONTH
Or, \$5.00 a Year by Mail.
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We handle
Gas Heating
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Stoves, and
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to do all
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CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.
A SURE AND CERTAIN CURE
known for 16 years as the BEST
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Prepared by RICHARDSON REEDER CO., ST. LOUIS.

MONUMENTS OF EVERY KIND

Made and set up in all part
the country.

WRITE FOR DESIGNS.
No Agents Employed.

W. ADAMS & SON,
25-1/2 yr 42 Broadway, Lexington, K

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

As Assignee of J. C. B. Gillipie, I will sell on
Wednesday, October 11, 1893, at the Jerry North
cut place about two miles East of Plum Lick,
the following property:

1 bay horse,
1 buggy and set of harness, lay robes, rain
aprons, etc.
1 organ,
1 dresser,
1 trundle,
1 bed,
1 wash tub,
1 buckeye mower,
1 corn sheller,
1 cutting box,
1 cross-cut saw,
About 10 acres of corn in field and place to
feed.

Also about 10 acres of corn in the shock, and
placens of oats in the rack, on the land of Calvin
Gillipie, Sr.; no place to feed it.

I will also at the same time and place, rent 76
or 80 acres of grass.

All sums of \$10 and under, cash in hand,
Amounts over \$10 a credit till January 1st, 1894,
note with approved security.

Sale to begin at 10 a. m.
C. GILLIPIE JR. Assignee.
W. H. FLETCHER, Auctioneer.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion & Debility.

HORSE AND TRACK.

The great trotting meeting, of Kentucky, begins next Saturday at Lexington.

The trots at Lexington, beginning next Saturday promises to be one of the best of the year. There is 19 entries in the Transylvania \$2,000 stake with records from 2:11 to 2:17. The free-for-all trot is likely to have Directum, Alix, Pixley and such horses and will be the race of the season.

John Dickerson drove Arion a half in 1:04 1/4 at Terre Haute last week.

Mr. A. H. Hackett left for the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary Monday to resume his studies.

MID-SUMMER SALE.

* CHOICE SEASONABLE GOODS GOES *

My Stock consists of Clothing to suit the trade. SUITS OF CLOTHES which brought a profit early in the season now goes for even less than the cost of manufacturing. PANTS, COATS and VESTS, single or together at cut prices.

Then I would ask you to see my novelties in Shoes. They are being sold at what the people call in these times of money stringency, bairnages.

FURNISHING GOODS.

Everything desirable for a little money.
Call at the

NEW YORK PAWNBROKER'S STORE.
JACOB GORDON.

24 South Maysville St., Mt. Sterling, Ky

INSURE YOUR

TOBACCO

WITH

BAIRD & WINN.

Do you want to make a safe investment? If so, put your money in the

NATIONAL HOME Building and Loan Association.

One of the oldest and largest companies in the world. 15,000 now sold in Mt. Sterling. Call and examine my plans.

JAMES R. WILSON,
Tyler-Apperson Bldg., Mt. Sterling, Ky.

CLOSING SALE OF DRY GOODS.

In order to have funds to meet my indebtedness falling due will sell for 30 days my entire stock of DRY GOODS, SHOES, CLOAKS Etc., at

Cost for Spot Cash.

Will also sell to my regular customers on same terms as before. Stock full and complete. Come early and make your selection. All persons owing July accounts are requested to make prompt payments.

JOHN SAMUELS.

ACADEMY FOR YOUNG LADIES AND LITTLE GIRLS, MT. STERLING, KY.

The first term will begin Sept. 4, 1893. Academic and College Preparatory Courses. Primary Department. A limited number of boarding pupils. For terms or other information address Miss S. M. Lewis (until August 15), Hyattsville, Md., after August 15 Mt. Sterling, Ky.